

The Sunflower Federation

EYFS

Policy

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(Due to be reviewed 2024)

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Introduction

The Early Years Foundation Stage Curriculum applies to children from birth to the end of the reception year. At Sunflower Federation children can start their education following their second birthday subject to having a statement of special educational need and dependent upon places being available.

EYFS core offer

We enable our students to build secure trusting relationships with staff so they feel happy, settled and confident to explore and learn at school. We promote a 'can do' attitude and aim to instil confidence in our children to try new things.

We celebrate individuality; we gain a deep understanding of each child, we discover our students' individual likes, strengths, and areas for development.

By establishing positive relationships and an understanding of each child, we support our students to be engaged, motivated and begin to think for themselves during their learning and play.

Developing attention, engagement, social interaction, communication, choice making, thinking, cooperation and independence skills are key to building a successful learning career at school.

We provide these essential building blocks for continued lifelong learning.

With a rotation of half termly topics, we deliver a broad and balanced range of adult led and child initiated learning opportunities, covering all 7 areas of learning and development.

We value the importance of parent partnerships; clear and consistent communication between home and school leads to more positive outcomes for our students.

Our aims

A unique child

"Every child is a unique child who is constantly learning and can be resilient, capable, confident and self-assured".

Each child's individuality is celebrated and respected. We help our children discover their likes, promote communication skills, enable them to make choices and encourage their independence. We provide an individually tailored curriculum to meet each child's individual needs, level of development and special interests. Every child will have curriculum targets reflecting their individual needs and supporting EHCP target, as well as individual communication, sensory integration, physiotherapy and occupational therapy programmes where relevant. We use approaches, such as object reference, picture cues, ELKLAN, PECS, Makaton and sign along to develop our children's communication skills.

Positive relationships

"Children learn to be strong and independent through positive relationships"

We strive to build sensitive, supportive and secure relationships, to enable our children to feel safe, secure and ready to learn and explore their environment. We use intensive interaction techniques to build relationships between staff and children, as well as developing 'people play' skills, such as playing ready steady go games and peek a boo.

A key worker system allows for children to build trusting relationships based on initial positive attachments. Additionally, gaining a greater awareness of a child's individual needs, enabling richer

understanding and input into observations. Key workers input into planning and supporting in the sharing of individual children's information with staff and home.

Enabling environment

"Children learn and develop well in enabling environments, in which their experiences respond to their individual needs and there is a strong partnership between practitioners and parents and carers"

We place great importance on our children's learning space, ensuring equal access for all. We have established clear, distinct areas of learning both indoors and outdoors to help children discover their likes, build their independence and exploratory skills. Children are encouraged to locate their chosen play areas and help select appropriate play resources, using their preferred modes of communication. Children are also encouraged to develop their play skills beyond our classrooms, using environments around the school, such as the soft play room, sensory garden, and adventure playground.

Areas of learning and development

Early Years Foundation Stage Curriculum covers 7 areas of learning and development. We provide a broad and balanced range of adult led lessons and child initiated play. Children learn to play and learn during daily structured 'learning to play' sessions. Each child has a learning to play programme, where their play skills are assessed and supported through small and achievable steps. Play is encouraged through people play, physical play, sensory play, object play and pretend play. Children's interests are used to engage and extend their child initiated play. We develop children's ability to engage in their environment, become motivated to learn and eventually think of their own ideas in play.

Our Commitment

A unique child

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Positive relationships

Respecting each Other

Our students develop in individual ways and at varying rates. When a child begins school a baseline assessment using teacher judgement and relevant reference documents (SOLAR: Routs for Learning, My Independence, Recepetion Baseline Assessment, Early Years Outcomes/) is completed and individual targets are set to meet their individual learning needs.

Child development

Inclusive Practice

All children are included and accepted no matter their gender, cultural background or learning needs.

Keeping Safe

All children are kept safe within a secure learning environment, with trained adults who will support them with their learning, care and pastoral needs. All staff have up to date DBS checks. Children learn and develop within clear boundaries; they are supported in their behaviour and are helped to play safely.

Health and well-being

Children's health is closely monitored by trained staff; we have a full time school nurse and individual care plans for children with additional medical needs. Classroom practitioners are trained, e.g. in the management of epilepsy, supporting children with gastrostomies, basic pediatric first aid All staff work collaboratively within a multidisciplinary team, consisting of the physiotherapists, occupational therapists, speech and language therapists and the school nurse. Staff work well together as part of a team and model appropriate ways of interacting and communicating with each other.

Parents as Partners

Clear communication pathways between teacher and parents through daily reports in home school diaries, telephone consultations, target setting and annual review meetings. Home support is also offered for families that request it, consisting of a home visit and advice on strategies.

Supporting Learning

Staff-child interactions and the development of relationships is an important prerequisite to learning. Each member of the class team knows each child's individual learning needs and styles, personal interests and family background. Children are supported to develop positive relationships, to feels safe, secure and happy at school.

Key Person

Due to the small class size and high adult: child ratio, key workers are provided on a daily basis, so that the children have the continuity of a special person throughout the day and that they get the opportunity to be supported by each member of the class team throughout the week. This secures the team's knowledge of each individual child in class.

Observation, Assessment & Planning Children are continually observed and their learning is assessed and reflected upon within class team meetings. Observations and children's interests, learning styles and progress towards EHCP outcomes are used to inform planning. Children are assessed on the Early Years Outcomes and Birth to 5 Matters guidance as a reference point for smaller steps, and SOLAR -EYFS pathway, once they reach Year one, the assessment transfers to SOLAR Breakspeare Pathway 2.

Enabling Environments

Supporting Every Child

Each child is supported in their learning and development through a well-balanced timetable of child initiated learning where practitioners observe then scaffold play to build on and extend their interests as well as feeding into adult directed tasks that focus on progress towards their EHCP outcomes.

The Learning Environment

The children have access to a secure indoor and outdoors learning environment with distinct areas of play and learning to encourage their choice making and experiences. Areas of development and play are accessible to all with the help of object cause and choosing boards to support individual communication needs.

The Wider Context We work well as part of a

multidisciplinary team, we have achieved the HQS award to ensure the quality and effectiveness of our early years provision.

Learning and development

Play & Exploration

Each child is supported in their play, at each stage of their development. Play is encouraged and enhanced through adult: child interactions as well as promoting playing alongside and with peers. Information from home also supports in providing motivating activities and ideas to promote interest and extend play and learning.

Active Learning

Sensory approach to play and learning, enabling children to be active and involved in a rich breadth of activities and develop resources to stimulate and excite children to learn. Adults are the best resource, so strong and successful adult: child interactions are the basis for successful play and learning to occur.

Creativity and Critical Thinking Making links and connections, we use a topic based approach to our curriculum. As well as introducing topic areas the curriculum is also

topic areas, the curriculum is also built upon the children's interests, which are observed in child initiated learning.

Areas of Learning and Development

Our curriculum delivery ensures equal coverage of the 7 areas of learning and development, these areas of learning are well planned for, using child observations as well as a secure understanding of the stage of development the children are at, to encourage progression and success towards their EHCP outcomes.

Early Years Foundation Stage Curriculum

Three prime areas:

Communication and language – Children learn to develop their listening, attention, understanding and speaking skills. Communication is promoted using children's preferred communication styles, e.g. speech, picture exchange communication system using symbols or photos, communication books, IPad grid player or Makaton signing, object cues, gesture and facial expression.

Communication skills are developed through daily greeting time, snack time and child initiated play with access to literacy activities through their continuous play provision: reading area, songs and music, IT. Daily child initiated play (learning to play sessions) focuses on developing children's choice making skills and communication skills as well as social communication skills.

Personal social and emotional development – Children learn to develop their confidence and independence skills, they develop their social interaction skills, build relationships with staff and children, learn to accept adult direction, cooperate and share. We teach our children to express and understand their emotions and help them discover strategies to help them cope with their emotions.

Opportunities to develop these skills are built into daily routines, such as greeting time, snack time, toileting, and child initiated play (learning to play) and cross curricular links with other areas of learning. Children are taught to play alongside, share and play with their peers in learning to play sessions. Children have weekly soft play sessions to develop their social interaction skills with adults and/or peers. Intensive interaction sessions are used to develop children's awareness of others and to help build relationships. Children are taught to understand emotions, through the use of mirrors, photo books, symbols and social stories, which is incorporated where relevant throughout the school day. Children are supported, where necessary with individual behavior support plans to help them cooperate, behave and develop independence skills. Close liaison with parents ensures the development of toilet training programmes when relevant as well as the development of self-help skills.

Physical development -

All children have weekly PE lessons delivered by our specialist PE teacher, they also have weekly hydrotherapy sessions led by our swimming teacher. Children have access to physiotherapy and occupational therapy depending on their needs, as well as individual sensory integration programs. Some children have rebound therapy. Children develop their physical skills through the outdoor continuous play provision, as well as the large adventure playground at lunch playtimes. Pupils are assessed on their sensory needs and supported with personalized sensory regulation programs through the school day. Pupils also have an access to sensory circuit every morning and regular movement breaks are inbuilt in pupils' timetables depending on individual needs Children also learn to develop their self-care skills, such as learning to feed themselves, aid in the dressing process and become toilet trained where appropriate.

Four specific areas:

Literacy – Children have access to a book area during child initiated play. Children are supported to develop their interest and love of reading through sensory story sessions and book sharing activities. We also deliver an adult led reading lesson each week, with a story focus, and teach reading skills, such as attending, looking, listening, anticipating, matching, symbol and word recognition, letters and sounds. Where relevant, children have access to reading schemes and learn phonics through individual programs. Children also develop their fine motor skills and writing, by learning to produce marks in a range of messy media, progressing to using tools to produce letter shapes.

Mathematics – children have access to a range of play resources to encourage the teaching of mathematical concepts, such as water and sand play, construction, puzzles and counting songs on the computer. Children have weekly adult led maths lessons. Children learn to understand and experience mathematical concepts first hand in a range of play contexts.

Understanding the world – Each half term we have a topic focus, where children learn to explore the world around them.

The World

This is encouraged throughout the school day: learning about the concept of time by following a timetable of activities, developing their ability to remember and reflect by reviewing their choices and learning during learning to play sessions.

Children are learning to navigate their immediate environment with key locations within their own classroom and learn where the different areas of learning are as well as the locations of places around the school.

They are encouraged to develop their curiosity, exploration and investigation skills through topics of interest where they study the world around them.

Technology

As well as specific timetabled sessions to teach IT skills, children are also provided with opportunities to develop IT skills through cross-curricular links with Communication and Language and Literacy e.g. using the Interactive White Board for mark making and Mathematics by using maths programs to consolidate their learning. They have access to IT in our continuous play provision by being offered choices, such as computers (including touch screen), iPad, IWB, remote control toys, and switch equipment in the sensory area. Individual IT priority targets are taught explicitly during adult directed sessions.

Expressive arts and design -

Children are supported to express themselves creatively through exploring and using media and materials. This area of development is covered through weekly music lessons adult led art lessons, singing and circle time sessions, and opportunities to dress up and explore role play and small world toys within both adult led and child led activities. This area also links with the development of mark making and pre-writing skills, through the exploration of media, such as chalks, paint, and shaving foam. Pupils also have opportunities to attend Music therapy sessions depending on their individual needs.

	Mon	Iday	Tues	day	We	dnesday	Th	ursday	Friday	
9 - 9.30		IP		IP	IP		IP		IP	
9.30 -9.45	Circl	e time - hello	Circle ti	ime - hello	Cir	cle time - hello	Circ	cle time - hello	Circle time - hello	
9.45 – 10.15	١	lumber		usic/ ive Arts		nape Space Measure		Number	Understanding the world	
10.15 – 11.00	Communication, Independence skills and Social skills									
11.00 – 12.00		Writing	Re	ading		mmunication d Language		Reading	PE	
12.00 - 12.45	Lunch and Personal care									
12.45 – 13.30	Independence skills and Leisure skills									
13.30 – 13.45	Sensory play/ yoga/ relaxation									
13.45 – 14.30	Understanding the world / community trip		Swimming		Art		Lea	rning to play	Learning to Play	
14.30 – 3.00	Communication, Independence skills and Social skills									
3.00 - 3.30	Assembly IP IP					IP				
Communicatio Language					Cross curricula	ır		L		
Literacy 3		Mathemati	s 3 Understandir			Expressive Art and Design 2				

Example EYFS timetable

Long Term Topic Cycle for Primary Phase

	Autumn	Spring	Summer	
Year 1	Music	Traditional Tales	Animals	
Year 2	All About Me (<u>Aut 1</u>) People Who are important to us. (<u>Aut 2</u>) • My senses, my body, my body parts. • My family. • My self-esteem. • My emotions, my behaviour. • People who help us-mum, dad, nurse, teacher.	Our Environment • My immediate environment, class, school, local community – map of the school, town. • Animal and their habitats. • The Earth – ecology. How do we look after our environment, <u>recycling.</u> • The World – countries, cultures.	Seaside/Under the Sea Water habitat. See animals. See plants. Holidays by the sea. Water play. Staying safe in the sun	
Year 3	Food	Transport	Weather	

Year 2 Long Term Plan	All About Me People Who Help Us	Our Environment	Seaside/Under the Sea		
Literacy	Reading	Reading	Reading		
	Example Texts	Example Texts	Example Texts		
	Here are my hands, by Bill	The Tiny Seed by Eric Carle			
	Martin, Jr. and John		The Rainbow Fish		
	Archambault	Jasper's Beanstalk by Nick			
	I like myself by Karen Beaumont	Butterworth	A House for Hermit Crab by		
	Leo the Late Bloomer by Robert		Eric Carle		
	Kraus	"Walking in the Jungle" -			
	ABC, I Like Me! Or I Like Me By	Barefoot Books	Barefoot Books - Portside		
	Nancy Carlson		Pirates		
	It's Okay to be Different by Todd	Jazzy in the Jungle by Lucy			
	Parr	Cousins	Commotion In The Ocean by		

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Topics to be reviewed depending on children's interests.

	What I Like Abo	ut Me by Allia			Giles Andreae	1
	Zobel-Nolan	and MIKI	Recycling is F	un by Charles		
	SAKAMOTO		<u>Ghigna</u> & Ag	latkowska	Smiley Shar	k by Ruth
	Oh I've got a boo	· · ·			Galloway	
	Lingo®, English					
	kids, Learn body	<u>/ parts, action</u>				
	songs.					
PSED	Circle time, gree				support, toilet	training, cross
	curricular links, sp					
PD	Gross motor deve					
	curricular links,		ory play, sens	ory circuit, hy	drotherapy, OT	programmes,
	physiotherapy, Re					
Numeracy	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number
	SSM - Size	SSM -	SSM -	SSM -	SSM -	SSM –
		Time and	Colour	Shape	Capacity	Position
		Sequencing				_ .
Understanding the	People – all	People –	The World	 habitats, 	The World –	People –
World	about me	people who	countries		animals in	mermaids,
		help us,			the sea	pirates,
		people who				fisherman,
		are important				sailors
Technology	Technology	to us	Technology		Technology	Technology
Technology	Technology	Technology	Technology		Technology	Technology
Expressive Arts and	Choosing and	using different	Sculpture, 3D	modelling	Pointing mar	bling <i>(to make</i>
Design	materials. Explo	0	Sculpture, 5D	modelling.	sea), natural	
Design	materials.	sensory			sea shells)	materiais (e.g.
	materials.				sea sileiisj	
	Face painting, h	and and foot			Cutting and	sticking –
	prints.				collage.	suoring -

Child Initiated Learning

The EYFS requires practitioners to ensure a balance of child-initiated and adult-led play based activities. "Play underpins the delivery of all of the EYFS. At Sunflower Federation all children have opportunities to play indoors and outdoors.

Children have opportunities to consolidate, develop and extend their learning through child-initiated activities. The daily timetable allow time for child-initiated learning (learning to play).

"Play and playfulness are shared across all cultural groups". Therefore resources are developed to reflect cultural differences. We ensure that resources are accessible, well organised and of high quality. They need to be relevant to each child and made accessible regardless of their level of development e.g. offering children a choice of activities through symbols, photos or objects of reference. There is a culture within Sunflower Federation of developing children's independence and choice.

Fundamentally important to enabling child-initiated opportunities is ensuring that there is an 'Enabling Environment'. Children need different levels of support in order to engage and extend their learning. A holistic approach covering all seven areas of learning through play will ensure that children have every opportunity to succeed.

Support

All children need different levels of support in order to engage and extend their learning. The role of the Teachers and Learning Support Assistants as Early years practitioners during this time is to ensure the following:

A unique child

• To know and understand each individual child; their level of development, their barriers to learning and their interests.

Positive relationships

- To help children achieve close, caring and respectful relationships with all class staff and provide continuity through daily key workers.
- To help children to develop their awareness of their peers and their ability to share resources and play alongside each other.
- To support children to resolve their own conflicts through problem solving.

Enabling environments

- To facilitate daily 'learning to play' sessions which provide child-initiated learning opportunities.
- To maintain clear, distinct areas of learning both indoors and outdoors.
- To establish a balance between adult/child interactions and children's independent play, depending on children's level of development.
- To scaffold children's learning through talk, suggesting new ways of playing and modelling approaches.

Learning and development

- To support children's involvement in class routines e.g. tidy up time.
- To ensure a breadth of resources that are appropriate to children's individual needs and interests.
- To provide first hand experiences to encourage children to explore and discover through all their senses.
- To encourage and support children to persevere and to problem solve.
- To allow children the space to try things out, make mistakes, try something else, repeat their play and consolidate their ideas.
- To identify and support next steps in learning.

Observation and assessment

The child-initiated learning time should also include time for observation, assessment and reflection. Adults will:

- Observe children as a natural part of all normal activity
- Interpret children's actions and attempts to communicate moment by moment, in order to understand the child's thinking, learning and interests
- Complete observation and assessment record books for children on a regular basis
- Complete the continuous provision chart which records their special interests in their chosen play areas (this should be updated as different interests develop)
- Use recorded observations to inform focused learning opportunities and to help with planning next steps in supporting the child's learning.

Thinking about how our children learn.

During adult led lessons, child initiated play and class routines, we observe and reflect on how our children are learning. There are three characteristics of effective learning

Playing and exploring – Engagement

Children use their senses to 'have a go', explore and experience the world around them. They develop particular interests and begin to initiate activities.

Active learning – Motivation

Children develop their attention and concentration skills, learn to persist with their learning and begin to be proud of their achievements, e.g. responding to positive praise at well done time.

Creating and thinking critically – Thinking

Children begin to develop problem solving skills, they think of their own ideas, make links between ideas, and begin to plan and make decisions.

Playing and exploring – engagement:	Active learning – motivation:	Creating and thinking critically – thinking:		
Finding out and exploring Showing curiosity about objects, events and people Using senses to explore the world around them Engaging in open-ended activity Showing particular interests 	 Being involved and concentrating Maintaining focus on their activity for a period of time Showing high levels of energy, fascination Not easily distracted Paying attention to details 	Having their own ideas • Thinking of ideas • Finding ways to solve problems • Finding new ways to do things		
 Playing with what they know Pretending objects are things from their experience Representing their experiences in play Taking on a role in their play Acting out experiences with other people 	 Keeping on trying Persisting with activity when challenges occur Showing a belief that more effort or a different approach will pay off Bouncing back after difficulties 	Making links • Making links and noticing patterns in their experience • Making predictions • Testing their ideas • Developing ideas of grouping, sequences, cause and effect		
 Being willing to 'have a go' Initiating activities Seeking challenge Showing a 'can do' attitude Taking a risk, engaging in new experiences, and learning by trial and error 	 Enjoying achieving what they set out to do Showing satisfaction in meeting their own goals Being proud of how they accomplished something – not just the end result Enjoying meeting challenges for their own sake rather than external rewards or praise 	Choosing ways to do things • Planning, making decisions about how to approach a task, solve a problem and reach a goal • Checking how well their activities are going • Changing strategy as needed • Reviewing how well the approach worked		

Characteristic of effective learning

Assessment

Within the first half term of the child starting school, the following assessments will be implemented:

Children who are nursery/reception age:

- Teacher judgement through observations and interacting with children, with the revised Development Matters (March 2021), and Birth to 5 Matters guidance document as a reference point for smaller steps; to support with assessing where children are and what they need to learn and progress, throughout EYFS. Reception age children undertake the Reception Baseline Assessment. The characteristics of effective learning underpins the EYFS. EYFS profile at the en of Reception assessed against the Early Learning Goals.
- Reception Baseline Assessment (RBA) short assessment taken within first 6 weeks in which child starts reception.
- Assessment at the end of EYFS the Early years Foundation Stage Profile (EYFSP) In the final term of the year in which child reaches age five. The profile provides parents and carers and teachers with well-rounded knowledge, understanding and abilities, pupil's attainment against expected levels, and their readiness for year 1. Each child's level of development is assessed against the early learning goals. Reasonable adjustments to the assessment process for SEND children are made as appropriate. Children who are Year 1 and above, conduct SOLAR –assessment in an appropriate pathway. Highlight the characteristics of effective learning sheet.

The child's PEN pictures will be devised, which indicates their individual educational needs, their barriers to learning, their likes, dislikes, how they communicate and the level of support that is needed for personal care regimes.

By the end of the child's first half term at school, initial targets will be set in all priority areas: communication & language, literacy, mathematics, physical development, PSED and IT and will be discussed with the child's parent/carer in a target setting meeting.

In addition sensory assessment will be conducted and sensory profile developed depending on pupils' individual needs. All pupils are also supported with developing their confidence and behavior management skills and relevant assessment will be conducted to develop individual behavior plans when necessary.

School induction

Prior to the new pupil starting school, the class teacher will conduct a home visit or a visit to the child's previous educational setting to find out key information needed to help the transition to school (complete home visit record sheet, collect any relevant reports or assessments from the previous educational setting, including latest EHCP)

Each new pupil will be given opportunity to visit school in advance and individual arrangement for transition and settlement will be developed. A gradual transition timetable will be agreed by the class teacher and parent/carer. Pupils will be accompanied by their parent/carer for their first morning of school.

The pupil will gradually participate in group time and structured classroom routines. The class team will focus on building trusting relationships, learning about pupils individual interests and learning style. Teachers will establish hierarchy of motivating activities and assess communication needs. Pupils are

also assessed by speech and language therapist, physio therapist and occupational therapist depending on their individual needs indicated in EHCP.

Parents as Partners

We recognise that parents are children's first and most enduring educators and we highly value the contribution that parents make to their child's education.

Prior to a child starting at Sunflower Federation School we offer a home visit where the class teacher and lower phase leader gather more information about the child and explain what support the school is able to offer (see home visit policy).

Maintaining contact with parents once their child starts school is vital, particularly when the child travels to and from school by transport. We maintain contact through the home school book / sound buttons / phone calls / text messages. Parents are invited into school to discuss their child's progress and support during settlement phase. Parents are invited to parents meetings and Annual Review meeting. In addition there are less formal events such as the Christmas play to which parents are invited.